

Autism Training And Technical Assistance Project

Talking the Talk About Neurodiversity: Sharing, Advocating, and Telling

Presented by Haley Moss

Moderator Information



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The Autism Training and Technical Assistance Project

The Autism Training and Technical Assistance Project (ATTA) develops and presents resources that assist individuals with autism in their transition from secondary education to postsecondary education or employment.

ATTAprovides training and support to important stakeholders as they work to provide an equitable experience for individuals on the spectrum.





The Illinois Center for Specialized Professional Support

The Illinois Center for Specialized Professional Support (ICSPS) creates, supports, and delivers professional development for education professionals across Illinois. ICSPS provides technical assistance, develops publications, and facilitates program improvement strategies for our partners as they relate to college transition, recruitment, retention, and completion—encouraging achievement of special populations learners. ICSPS was founded in 1977 at Illinois State University and is housed in the Educational Administration and Foundations department in the College of Education.





Autism Training and Technical Assistance Project (ATTA)

https://autismcollegeandcareer.com



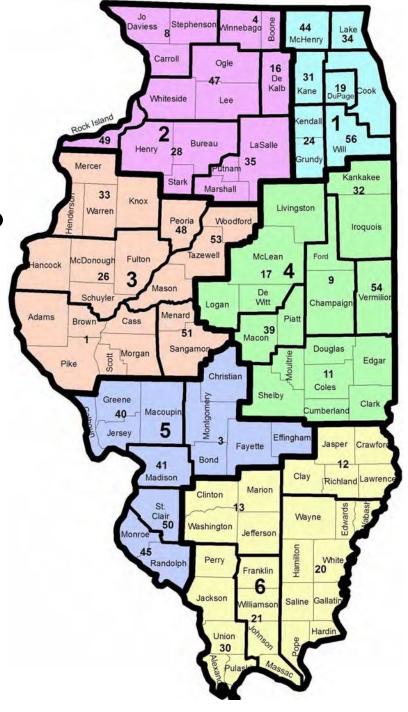






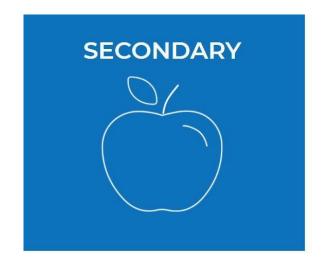
Which Region are you Located in?

- 1. Chicago
- 2. Northeast
- 3. Northwest
- 4. East Central
- 5. Southwest
- 6. Southeast

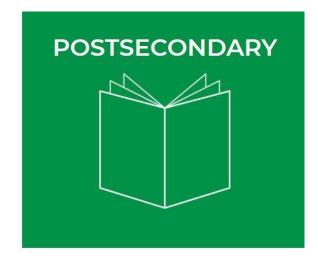


Which ATTA Stakeholder do you Represent?















Presenter Information



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What's the Deal with Disclosure?

Disclosure refers to a variety of processes and tools that a person uses to share their disability status with others in order to receive support, accommodations, and acceptance.

Autistics and allies all have different perspectives and roles to play when it comes to disclosing.





Some Goals of Disclosure and storytelling









Is There Any Point Where It Is Actually Mandatory?

If you need accommodations or services to be successful at work or school, you must disclose in order to receive them.

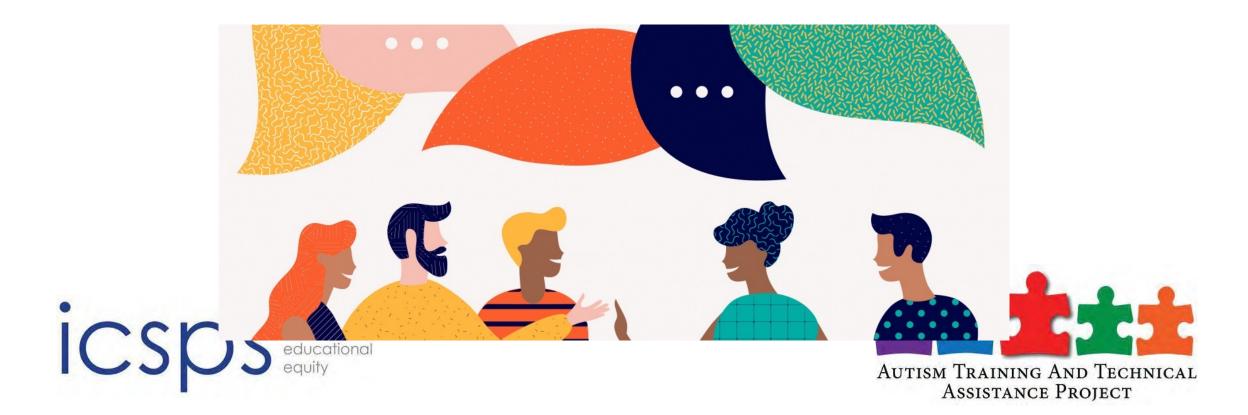
These processes are typically covered by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) or the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).

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Each Situation Is Different

How (and when) to disclose looks different with different people!



Parents: Who (And What) Do I Share About My Kid's disability?

- Consider balancing your interests with your child's interests
- Relationship with the person
- Potential support for your child
- Purpose of sharing
- Can your child consent to sharing information?







Parents: Why Should I Tell My Kid?

- Creation of a disability self-identity and pride
- Self-awareness and self-esteem building
- Building self-advocacy skills
 - Open doors for new self-advocacy opportunities
- Your kid already knows they're different
- Continue building a loving and trusting relationship with your kids





Talking to Young People About Autism

- Don't hide this information from them!
- Use developmentally appropriate language and concepts to explain

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- Share accurate information and presume competence
- Normalize disability in your household
- Be affirming you love them and nothing is "broken"
- Allow them space to be curious and answer their questions



Additional Tools to Use

- Media is a great way to introduce people who share your child's neurotype or disability
- People they know from your life are helpful too!







9-Year-Old Me



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The Self-Advocate's Disclosure Roadmap

- Personal self-acceptance and identity
- Workplace
- Friends/family/relationships
- School







Disparities in Disclosure

- Disclosure is a personal decision
- Why wouldn't you disclose?
 - Fear of being perceived as weak
 - Avoid perception of receiving special treatment
 - Internalized ableism
 - Preexisting stereotypes
 - Potential discrimination
 - Concerns with professionalism and licensing







Shaping Your Narrative

- Figure out the reasoning behind your disclosure
- How you do it might influence how others react



Context Dependent: Reactions

- Most people (should) be supportive and accepting or curious
- If someone is mean or unreceptive...







Workplace Disclosure Strategies

Soft disclosure

- When the person might hint at having a disability but you might not be able to confirm or deny it
- Mentioning they are members of an allyship or affinity group
- Asking for support in a vague way

Hard disclosure

- When someone precisely mentions they have a disability
- They describe it in a cover letter, resume, or other application materials
- They request an accommodation under the ADA







Encouraging Authenticity

- People feel they must disclose when:
 - They need an accommodation under the Americans with Disabilities Act
 - They are unable to keep adapting and self-accommodating
 - There are breakdowns in communication or performance
 - There is a change in life circumstances
- Others choose to disclosure voluntarily:
 - They want to bring their full selves to work and take pride in their identities
 - They want to be proactive and limit misunderstandings
 - They view neurodiversity and/or disability as a strength





The Role of the Ally: Creating Space

Figure out why someone is sharing this information with you

- Accommodation request?
- Fun fact?
- Spirit of transparency?

Find out who else knows so you don't end up "outing" someone Listen and respond with **empathy** – it takes trust!

"How can I support you?"







Questions and Discussion